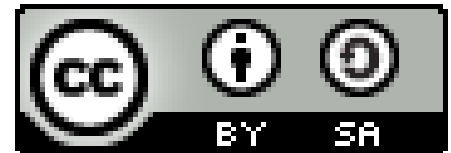


# Introduction to Module Development

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# What is a module?



Apollo Lunar Service and  
Excursion Modules

# What is a module?

A piece of software that adds or extends functionality on a Drupal website

# Adds functionality

- Ubercart - Provides a sophisticated online store
- Fivestar - Provides a star rating widget for rating content
- Signup - Let's users sign up to attend events

# Extends Functionality

## Integration:

- **UC\_Signup** - Allows people to pay for Ubercart Events

## Utility:

- **Token** - Many modules rely on Token to provide configurable strings (like "Hello, [user-name]")

## Plugin:

- **GMap Views** – Display information on a Google Map.

Often, adding a new feature entails extending or connecting existing features.

You usually don't have to start from scratch :)

- **Fivestar stores data using the VotingAPI**
- **UC\_Signup connects Ubercart and Signup**
- **Embedded Media Field provides a new field for use with the Content Construction Kit**

# Core, Contrib & Custom

- Core - Part of the official Drupal package. Everyone using Drupal has these
- Contrib - Publicly available optional download, not specific to a particular website. (Though sometimes specific to a kind of feature)
- Custom - Specific to a particular website. Useful for that website, but not generally useful to the public.

# Custom Modules

- Often avoidable (Extend existing contrib instead)
- Sometimes necessary, good for site-specific tweaks
- Usually cost more to maintain. You alone deal with:
  - Drupal API changes
  - Security issues
  - Feature additions
  - Friends you lose when you duplicate their module :(
  - Feeling of utter embarrassment when you spend hours writing a module only to discover that many people use a well-regarded contrib alternative. You have wasted your time only to create something vastly inferior to a project that is the result of thousands of hours of worldwide community collaboration. You spend weeks sulking in social isolation eating only nachos and briefly consider switching to Ruby but take time off from development entirely to focus on feng shui.



# You usually don't have to start from scratch!

Drupal Core and Contrib have powerful systems that you can harness in your module:

- Displaying and processing forms for user input
- Handling user accounts
- Handling Content (Core node, contrib CCK)
- Creating custom listings of content (Views)

# And much, much more!



<http://www.flickr.com/photos/redherring1up/163079104/>

How do modules add or extend  
functionality?

# Hooks

I'm performing a particular action.  
Does anyone have anything to say about it?

**Person A:** I'm getting up to get napkins. Does anybody want me to get anything else?

**Person B:** Yes! Please get straws.

**Module A:** I'm presenting a form to the user.

**Module B:** Please add a checkbox to the form!

A - The hook Definition

B - The hook Implementation

# Hook Events and Example Actions

- **Displaying a form to the user (hook\_form\_alter)**
  - Add a custom checkbox
- **A user signs up for an account (hook\_user)**
  - Display a friendly message
- **Submitting a node (hook\_nodeapi)**
  - Store custom data in the database
- **The website sends mail (hook\_mail)**
  - Connect to an SMTP sever

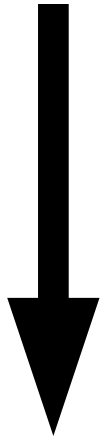
# Common module pattern

- Implement one or more hooks
- Use a Drupal API helper function
- Add custom processing

# Form API

PHP

```
1 3 $form['your-name'] = array(-
4   '#type' => 'textfield',-
5   '#title' => t('Your Name'),-
6   '#default_value' => account['name'],-
7   '#size' => 60,-
8   '#maxlength' => 64,-
9   '#description' => t('Enter your real name here.'),-
10 );-
```



HTML

```
<div class="form-item" id="edit-your-name-wrapper"> -
  <label for="edit-your-name">Your Name: </label> -
  <input type="text" maxlength="64" name="your-name" id="edit-your-name"
size="60" value="" class="form-text" /> -
  <div class="description">Enter your real name here.</div> -
</div>
```

# Form API

- Forms described consistently as PHP arrays
- Control over access, validation & submission
- Easy to modify forms
- Added security



# How to get started?

- Read about one or more hooks
- Find an example module
- Dive in!

# Hi, Drupal! I'm a module:

- .info file – Tells Drupal that your module exists.
- .module file – Contains main module code

## Optional

- .install file
- .inc files

# Hooks Demo

- Client: American Society for Delicious Foods

# Hooks Demo

- Client: American Society for Delicious Foods (ASDF)
- ASDF Module

## Desired feature:

Redirect user to appropriate category (taxonomy term) page after submitting a recipe.

## Tools we'll use:

- `hook_form_alter()`
- Devel module's `dpm()` function

## Documentation!

Drupal API Reference & Form API Quickstart Guide

# dpm(): Our flashlight into Drupal

Easily print any variable to the  
screen for inspection.

```
dpm($input, $name = NULL)
```



I'm using mah dpm() flashlight to inspect ur  
Drupal variabulz. <http://www.flickr.com/photos/moogan/55851439/>

# Dive in!

- Goggles optional



# Our approach:

- Target a specific form
- Add a custom submit handler to the “Save” button
- In custom submit handler, set `$form_state['redirect']` based on submitted taxonomy term value
- Rejoice

# variable\_get(\$name, \$default)

Retrieve a site-wide variable.

also, variable\_set()

```
user_access($string, $account =  
            NULL)
```

Check if a user has permission to perform a particular action.

t()

Translate Interface Text.



“I translate the fool!”

# hook\_menu()

Map a function to a callback:

<http://example.com/your-callback>

Makes Drupal run a particular function.

# Common module pattern

- Implement one or more hooks
- Use a Drupal API helper function
- Add custom processing

# Look inside your favorite module!

You *can* handle it!

```
75 /**-
76  * Insert our checkbox, add a submit button, and populate fields.-
77  */-
78 function comment_notify_form_alter(&$form, &$form_state, $form_id) {-
79   global $user;-
80   -
81   // Only alter the form if it's a comment form and the user has the permission to subscribe.-
82   if ($form_id == 'comment_form' && (user_access('subscribe to comments') || user_access('administer comments'))) {-
83     // Only add the checkbox if this is an enabled content type-
84     $node = node_load($form['nid']['#value'] ? $form['nid']['#value'] : $form['nid']['#default_value']);-
85     $enabled_types = variable_get('comment_notify_node_types', drupal_map_assoc(array($node->type)));-
86     if (empty($enabled_types[$node->type])) {-
87       return;-
88     }-
89     -
90     $available_options = _comment_notify_options();-
91     -
92     drupal_add_css(drupal_get_path('module', 'comment_notify') . '/comment_notify.css');-
93     drupal_add_js(drupal_get_path('module', 'comment_notify') . '/comment_notify.js');
```

# Debugging/Learning tools:

`func_get_args()`

`debug_backtrace()`



func\_get\_args()



# func\_get\_args()

```
404 function user_save($account, $edit = array(), $category = 'account') {  
405     $args = func_get_args();  
406     dpm($args, 'Args passed to user_save()');
```

See what arguments are passed to a function.  
Compare args passed on a successful operation vs an unsuccessful one.

# Got WTF? Use `debug_backtrace()`.

```
---
394 /**
395  * Generates a 403 error if the request is not allowed.
396  */
397 function drupal_access_denied() {
398     // Why are we getting an access denied message?!
399     $backtrace = debug_backtrace();
400     dpm($backtrace, 'Backtrace from drupal_access_denied');
401
402     drupal_set_header('HTTP/1.1 403 Forbidden');
403 }
```

# Resources

- [api.drupal.org](http://api.drupal.org)
- [Drupal Form API Reference](#)
- [Drupal Form API Quickstart guide](#)
- [Pro Drupal Development Book](#)
- [Example modules](#)
- [GVS API Cheat sheet](#)
- #Drupal on IRC
- Patch contributor guide
- *Look inside your favorite module!*
- [@ezrabg](#) on twitter

# What did you think?

Submit a session evaluation:

<https://chicago2011.drupal.org/node/add/eval/834>

# Thanks!